Google Boolean Search Queries

Please Note: When you search using an operator, don't add any spaces between the operator and your query. A search for `site:nytimes.com` will work, but `site: nytimes.com` will not.

Search for an exact word or phrase *"search query"*	Use quotes to search for an exact word or set of words. This option is handy when searching for song lyrics or a line from literature. `"imagine all the people"` ***Tip***: Only use this if you're looking for a very precise word or phrase, because otherwise you could be excluding helpful results by mistake.
Exclude a word *-query*	Add a dash (–) before a word or site to exclude all results that include that word. This is especially useful for synonyms like Jaguar the car brand and jaguar the animal. `jaguar speed -car` or `pandas -site:wikipedia.org` ***Tip***: You can also exclude results based on other operators, like excluding all results from a specific site.

Search within a site or domain
 site:query
	If you are looking for more results from a certain website, include `site:` in your query. For example, you can find all mentions of "olympics" on the New York Times website like this:
	
	 `olympics site:nytimes.com`
	
	 Tip: Also search within a specific top-level domain like .org or .edu or country top-level domain like .de or .jp.
	
	 `olympics site:.gov`

Search for pages that link to a URL
 link:query
	Using the `link:` operator, you can find pages that link to a certain page. For example, you can find all the pages that link to google.com.
	 `link:google.com`
	
	 Tip: You can also search for links to specific pages, like google.com/images.
	
	 `link:google.com/images`

Search for pages that are similar to a URL *related:query*	To find sites that are similar to a URL you already know, use the `related:` operator. For example, when you search for related sites to the New York Times, you'll find other news publication sites you may be interested in. `related:nytimes.com`
Include a "fill in the blank" *query * query*	Use an asterisk (*) within a query as a placeholder for any unknown or wildcard terms. Use with quotation marks to find variations of that exact phrase or to remember words in the middle of a phrase. `"a * saved is a * earned"`

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Search for either word
query OR query
	If you want to search for pages that may have just one of several words, include `OR` (capitalized) between the words. Without the OR, your results would typically show only pages that match both terms.
	
	`world cup location 2014 OR 2018`
	
	Tip: Enclose phrases in quotes to search for either one of several phrases.
	
	`"world cup location 2014" OR "world cup location 2018"`

Search for a number range
number..number
	Separate numbers by two periods without spaces (`..`) to see results that contain numbers in a given range of things like dates, prices, and measurements.
	
	`camera $50..$100`
	
	Tip: Use only one number with the two periods to indicate an upper maximum or a lower minimum.
	
	`daytona 500 winners ..2000`

Search within a certain subject *~subject*	If you want to search within a certain topic or subject, add a tilde followed by the subject name ~genealogy or ~history